## Problem SUDOKU: Sudoku

Despite the japanese name Su-ji wa dokushin ni kagiru, Sudoku was invented by an American, Howard Garns, in 1979 and published by Dell Magazines under the name "Number Place". It became popular in Japan in 1986 and became an international hit in 2005. The more popular name Sudoku is the Japanese abbreviation of Su-ji wa dokushin ni kagiru meaning the digits must occur only once
Sudoku is a logic-based placement puzzle. The object is to fill the grid so that every column, every row and every $3 \times 3$ box contains the digits 1 to 9 . Normally a Sudoku looks like in the picture.

| 5 | 3 |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 |  |  | 1 | 9 | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | 9 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |
| 8 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  | 3 |
| 4 |  |  | 8 |  | 3 |  |  | 1 |
| 7 |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 6 |
|  | 6 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 8 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 5 |
|  |  |  |  | 8 |  |  | 7 | 9 |

Your task is now to solve given Sudokus. There is only one possible solution for each puzzle.

## Input

Each testcase contains one Sudoku. The Sudoku is modelled as a 9 x 9 matrix containing the values from 1 to 9 . Missing values are indicated through space.

## Output

The solved Sudoku is printed as a 9 x 9 matrix. Each line of the matrix ends with newline including the last.

Sample Input 1

| 53 | 7 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 195 |  |  |
| 98 |  | 6 |  |
| 8 | 6 | 3 |  |
| 4 | 8 | 3 | 1 |
| 7 | 2 | 6 |  |
| 6 |  | 28 | 28 |
|  | 419 | 5 |  |
|  | 8 | 79 |  |

## Sample Output 1

534678912
672195348
198342567
859761423
426853791
713924856
961537284
287419635
345286179

